

BARRE DAILY TIMES

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FRANK E. LANGLEY, Publisher

That latest air raid on England ought to be good for at least 10,000 more enlistments.

Barre quarry really hasn't moved so fast in many years as during the early months of 1916.

Naturally, there is hope that Villa won't be able to put another "P" in the Pershing campaign.

Summer begins in three months, and by that time the snowdrifts will perhaps be ploughed through.

Snow is said to be a good fertilizer. That being the case, the hay crop ought to be a tremendous success next summer.

The latest reported wreck is the rear-end collision of spring with winter; and fragile spring was pretty well smashed up.

The British and German official announcements are men of one-track minds, and the single tracks cross very frequently.

Germany cannot afford to go to war with her best friend, Holland. And Germany won't. There'll be an apology for the Tuba incident first.

Pepper hill, over which the French and German armies are clashing so much, sounds as if it might be some neighborhood back in the crossroads of Vermont.

Senator-elect Tom Taggart's chief qualification for the job seems to be a bland smile and a handshake reaching from Indiana to the uttermost parts of Uncle Sam's domain.

We have our suspicions that the statements of the Carranza commander, General Gaviro, should not be taken too seriously when those statements have to do with the location of Villa.

The tabulation of students in the University of Vermont during the present year shows that over 76 per cent of the students in regular courses are residents of Vermont. The money which the Vermont legislature appropriates for this institution does not go, therefore, to the education of non-residents in any appreciable numbers.

It is a most novel argument against having a standing army of greater size than the present army of the United States because such an army would be backed to pieces in case the United States should become embroiled in a war; yet an opponent of a large standing army used that statement in the national House of Representatives on Monday as proof positive that the United States should not increase its army. We suppose that the same debater would, in following out his theory, agree that he himself and all other American civilians should be willing to be backed to pieces in place of a standing army in case some invading army should suddenly dump a million or so of soldiers on American soil. What, we would respectfully submit, is an army for if not to stand as a bulwark for the nation and to be backed to pieces, in defense of national honor and the homes and property of American people? A standing army is not a toy to be set up and gazed upon with childish joy.

THE AEROPLANE IN OUR MEXICAN EXPEDITION.

The military aeroplane is likely to prove its worth in the present punitive expedition into Mexico by American troops in pursuit of the elusive Villa. As in the European war, too, the chief value of the aeroplane will be in reconnoitering and determining the location of the enemy. The topography of the land in northern Mexico is such as to lend itself easily to the concealment of a relatively small number of men, provided the searchers were to be dependent entirely upon their observations from the ground, or from such lofty eminences as they were able to reach; but in the use of aeroplanes it is possible for the advance parties of the expedition to hover over a wide area of territory at no great height and thus to search out the mountain passes and other places more inaccessible to approach by either cavalry or infantry. Moreover, in case Villa is detected it will be possible to make swift report to the bulk of the punitive forces, far swifter report than under the old form of messenger service in a wild country; and thus the pursuing forces can be brought up with greater dispatch than could be accomplished under other conditions. There will be no great danger to the aviators as far as attack is concerned because it is not probable that the Villa bands are equipped with guns specially adapted for driving off air machines, and thus it will be possible for them to descend to air levels much lower than is permitted the aviators engaged in the great war across the ocean. We expect the aviation corps of the United States army to give a good account of itself, or to reveal that the United States is extremely backward in taking up this important branch of army service. If the latter should prove to be the case it will constitute a serious reflection on our progressiveness.



Don't wear that weary look—wear

Walk-Overs

They will please you. Twenty thousand men and women buy them every day in all parts of the world.

Surely these wise, shoe wearers won't insist upon WALK-OVERS if their money would buy better shoes. Prices, \$3.50 to \$7.00.

Rogers' Walk-Over Boot Shop

Buy your shoes for the whole family; also Clothing, Hats and Furnishings, right! at the Rogers' Store, 170-174 North Main street.

accessible to approach by either cavalry or infantry. Moreover, in case Villa is detected it will be possible to make swift report to the bulk of the punitive forces, far swifter report than under the old form of messenger service in a wild country; and thus the pursuing forces can be brought up with greater dispatch than could be accomplished under other conditions. There will be no great danger to the aviators as far as attack is concerned because it is not probable that the Villa bands are equipped with guns specially adapted for driving off air machines, and thus it will be possible for them to descend to air levels much lower than is permitted the aviators engaged in the great war across the ocean. We expect the aviation corps of the United States army to give a good account of itself, or to reveal that the United States is extremely backward in taking up this important branch of army service. If the latter should prove to be the case it will constitute a serious reflection on our progressiveness.

THE ENTENTE'S GROWING SUPERIORITY.

The concerted attack by 65 air machines on the German coast town of Zebruggen reveals that the allies on the western front—Great Britain, France and Belgium—have been busy themselves in making extensive preparations in the line of air equipment and that they have at last secured a fleet sufficient to make a determined assault. It is not to be presumed that the 65 aeroplanes and seaplanes which engaged in the attack of March 20 represented the strength of the three allies in that department because a large number of aeroplanes must have been retained for reconnoitering purposes on the extended battle front while a large number, too, must have been kept in England in order to repel any air invasion which might be made by the Germans. It would not be at all surprising if the combined air strength of the three allies far exceeds the German and Austrian equipment for the same kind of service, whereas a year ago it was generally conceded that the central powers, Germany in particular, had a preponderance of air machines. Thus in air, as well as on the sea, the central powers are in second position. It has long been known that the entente allies outnumbered the central powers on the land, although the Germans had the superior equipment in guns. Now the entente allies are bringing their great hordes of men into fighting shape and at the same time the great gun equipment is being brought to a par with that of Germany. Indeed, the new French 75's are said to be fully as destructive as the greatest hurlers of death which the Germans possess. The fighting before Verdun over the past month shows that the French guns are able to match the heaviest German cannon when it comes to the point of trench warfare. In all four departments of war, therefore, the entente allies seem to be gaining the ascendancy, in addition to which is the known financial pressure being brought to bear on the central powers and the growing discontent of the people at home, while the entente allies have by no means reached the limits of their ability to secure credit and acquire the necessities of life. The latter are in touch with the world, while the central powers are more or less shut off. More than ever the balance of the war is swinging toward Great Britain, France and Russia and their smaller allies. The question is how soon the end will come.

Fur Prices Go Up.

In Farm and Fireside we learn that at an auction sale of over a quarter of a million dollars' worth of furs, bids averaged about 170 per cent higher this year than for skins of similar quality two years ago. The government Alaskan blue foxes were included.

\$238,363.33 CITY BUDGET

(Continued from first page.)

ty. F. W. Sutor and A. G. Cordner; G. L. Morris as first constable, \$18,000, surety, the American Fidelity Co.

The Street Department Truck. A draft of the contract between the city and the Vermont Trucking & Sales Co., which is to be signed for the purchase of a street department auto truck, was read by the clerk. The instrument, referring specifically to the various parts accompanying the car, the agreement in its relation to repairs and upkeep, its shipment April 15, and the stipulation that it must be painted a battleship gray with the words, "Barre Street Department No. 1," painted thereon, was drafted by City Attorney Wishart. After a careful scrutiny, the contract was accepted. It is to be executed for the city by Mayor Gordon and Chairman Glysson of the street department. Mr. Glysson's suggestion that the city contract for its gasoline in 1916 and purchase oil and grease for its motor apparatus in lots was well received.

Women's Requests Heard.

Contrary to the attitude usually assumed by the council, the Women's club fared rather ill at the hands of the city fathers last night, principally for the reason, perhaps, that it was thought that the women have been asking too much. Acting for the club, Mrs. Gates requested the use of the opera house on the nights of April 11 and 14. The request was referred to Alderman Healy of the property committee to ascertain the purposes contemplated by the club in making the application. Mrs. Shepard's inquiry as to what the council proposes to do if there is a clean-up campaign this spring was laid on the table, the council taking the stand that its newly introduced garbage system is taking about all the clean-up money that can be afforded. No action was taken on a request for the use of the emergency room, as the application was deemed unnecessary. Members of the First Presbyterian church asked permission to hang a sign on a telephone post at the corner of North Main and Seminary streets. Objections to granting the request were offered on the ground that to act favorably would be inconsistent with the rejection of similar requests in the past.

To the finance committee was referred the matter of depositing the sinking fund for another term, as it develops that the city's agreement with the Quarry Savings bank, whereby the money has been on deposit in that institution for three years at a rate of 4.75, expires May 1. Chairman Healy of the property committee reported a recommendation that \$3,000 insurance, at a rate of \$4.50 per thousand, be tacked onto the Church street schoolhouse, now in disuse. No action was taken.

C. C. Perkins, the retiring wire inspector, reported the granting of a permit from Jan. 1 to March 21. His report was accepted. O. J. Dodge was granted permission to cut three windows in the rear of a storehouse on North Main street and C. F. Miller received permission to transfer his garage from 40 Elm street to 4 Cliff street. Applications of Petrie & McMillan for a restaurant license and John Cleary for a pool room license were referred to the license committee. E. A. Prindle & Co. were granted a license to do plumbing.

Warrants were approved for payment in the following order: Street department payroll, \$119.28, street, sewer, surface sewer and sidewalk accounts; water department payroll, \$24; fire department payroll, \$83.06; police department payroll, \$89.00; G. A. Bemis, \$14, services as janitor; E. M. Tobin, \$27.75, expenses to New York to investigate auto trucks, miscellaneous accounts; city treasurer, \$195.68, on street superintendent's orders.

RANDOLPH

Miss Anna McCabe Died Tuesday of Tubercular Trouble.

Miss Anna McCabe, who for the last year has been with her sister, Mrs. Thomas Elliott, on School street, died Tuesday forenoon, the result of tubercular trouble. Miss McCabe came here from Jersey City for her health and was with her sister for a time and then returned home. Later she came back and her mother came with her and since that time has been here with Mrs. Elliott. Deceased had reached the age of 19 years, and is survived by her mother, who is with her, and her sister, Mrs. Elliott. The remains were taken by the mother to Jersey City on Tuesday night for interment.

Miss Alyce Buck, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. S. Buck of this place, and Charles Clarke, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Clarke of St. Albans, were married at the Congregational parsonage in Essex Junction Sunday morning by Rev. E. O. Foster, and the same day returned here, where the groom is temporarily engaged as telegraph operator at the station. Mr. Clarke expects to leave on Friday for Richmond to remain for a time, and the bride, who is one of Randolph's popular young ladies, will remain here for the present with her parents.

The general science class, which numbers about 20 of the high school, had a bread and roll contest on Monday, when the young ladies gave of the fruit of their labors in bread and roll making. Bertha Eddy won the first prize for bread making and Florence Noble the second, and Dorothy Spooner came off first for roll making and Olive Rix second.

Miss Mary Evans, died at the Center on Tuesday forenoon, the result of tubercular trouble and also heart disease, of which she had long been afflicted. Miss Evans was the sister of Miss Mary Evans who lives here, and she formerly attended the high school and graduated from the teacher training course.

EVERY THREE MINUTES ONE DIES IN THE U. S.

The Anti-Tuberculosis Society illustrates the frightful toll of consumption by extinguishing a light every three minutes, and shows that it is the man or woman, girl or boy, who neglects colds, whose blood is impure, who feels weak and languid, who is the very one to contract tuberculosis—and none are immune.

During changing seasons, or after sickness, blood-quality is most important, and if you and your family will take Scott's Emulsion after meals it will charge your blood with health-sustaining richness, quicken circulation, and strengthen both lungs and throat. Scott's is free from alcohol—easy to take—it cannot harm. Get a bottle today. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

A SAFE FAMILY MEDICINE

Father John's Medicine is Best for Colds, Grip, Sore Throat and Stubborn Coughs and as a Body Builder.



Father John's Medicine is an old-fashioned family remedy—not a patent medicine, but the prescription of a learned doctor. It is free from opium, morphine, chloroform or poisonous drugs which are found in many of the patent medicines; it contains no alcohol or other stimulants. It is a food medicine, pure and wholesome. Father John's Medicine has had more than 50 years' success for colds, grip and throat troubles. It is invaluable as a tonic and body builder and restores weak and run-down systems to health and strength. It nourishes the system and makes flesh.



Thousands of Mothers Endorse Father John's Medicine

stimulants or nerve-deadening drugs for their effect. They weaken the system and leave you exposed to disease, cause nervous prostration and a craving for drugs.

Father John's Medicine is a safe medicine for all the family; for the children as well as older people, because it does not contain alcohol or dangerous drugs in any form.

GARDENING ENCOURAGED.

Many Barre People Got New Ideas from Morris Fund's Talk.

Under the auspices of the civic department of the Barre Woman's club, Morris Fund of New York delivered a lecture on "Gardening" in Howland hall last evening. Mr. Fund is a man who has had something like twenty-five years of practical experience in gardening and showed, both by his talk and by his ready and explicit answers to questions, that he was thoroughly informed on almost any branch of his subject.

Mrs. Alvin Gates, president of the club, introduced the speaker. Mr. Fund's talk dealt more especially with flowers as one branch of a subject too large to be handled with justice in a talk of the length of time which he was able to use last evening. Flowers, said the speaker, are like children; to appreciate them we must not only love and understand them, but we must watch them grow up from a seed until they finally die. We cannot say that we love flowers if we do not care for them and attend to their wants regardless of our own convenience. He went on to explain the impossibility of an amateur understanding how to order an ordinary seed catalogue and showed up clearly many of the misleading statements found in these books. He referred the audience to a book gotten out by himself and written for the express benefit of the man who knows nothing about flowers.

The hardy flowers were the ones dealt with more especially last evening, and the speaker explained the various methods of starting them, the proper method of planting the seed, of protecting the seedlings, the time for planting, and the manner of dividing the roots and causing the plants to multiply many fold. Methods of treating soil to make it suitable for the raising of particular species were given with a description of common troubles of the amateur, the disease most common to the plant and the proper cure for these. Everything was explained in a common sense manner and in a way which could be understood by anyone, even those who knew nothing of flowers or gardening. A suggestion worthy of special note was the use of leaf mould as a food and fertilizer. Mr. Fund claims that no leaves should be burned when one ton of the leaf mould is worth more as fertilizer than 50 tons of suitable manure.

A plant generally unknown and called the "pokey sandra" was recommended for steep banks and shady places where ordinary vegetation will not survive. Many valuable hints in regard to pruning, the killing of verminous worms and insects were given at the close of the lecture in the form of answers to questions from the audience. Mr. Fund, himself, suggested questions where none were volunteered from the hall and in this way paved the way for others which would otherwise not have been mentioned. He spoke of the desirability of more flowers in front of houses to the exclusion of trees, and suggested hedges of roses as a means of making the city

beautiful and attractive to strangers. He expressed himself as willing at any time to aid by suggestions anyone who desired to carry out his ideas even to the extent of making another visit to the city when the season should arrive for planting.

The lecture was well attended and was one of the most interesting delivered before the club this season.

JAPAN INVITED TO PARIS ECONOMIC MEETING

Walter Runciman Will Be England's Personal Representative at the Conference.

London, March 22.—David Lloyd George, minister of munitions, speaking yesterday in the House of Commons confirmed the report that Japan had been invited to take part in the Paris economic conference at which Walter Runciman, president of the British board of trade, will be the principal representative of Great Britain.

2,000 VESSELS OFF SEAS.

German Merchant Marine Hit Hardest by the War.

Washington, March 22.—The European war has taken from the seas more than 2,000 merchant vessels of nearly 4,000,000 tonnage, according to figures published by the department of commerce. Germany with 600 vessels sunk, captured or detained, heads the list of losers. Two

AVOID ST. VITUS' DANCE

Physicians are baffled by St. Vitus' dance because it is a nervous disease in which they can find nothing actually wrong with the nervous system.

Long before the child becomes awkward and begins dropping things there is a period in which the appetite is fickle and the patient is tired and listless. The jerking movements characteristic of the disease come much later.

In the early stages a good tonic for the blood and nerves will go far toward preventing the development of the disease. But the tonic must be free from alcohol and opium for these make the nervous condition worse. When your child appears listless, prefers to sit and read rather than go out and play and requires entirely too much time to get his or her lessons, give a course of treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They cannot do harm, the system is sure to be benefited and you may avoid serious trouble.

These pills build up the blood, nourish the starved nerves and improve the general health.

Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Write for free booklet on "Nervous Disorders."

Wood Sawing Outfits

Spraying Outfits

Gasolene Engines

Write us or see C. E. Searies, our general agent at Barre, or J. L. Arkley, Barre. Send for our catalog D, and state whether you are interested in wood-sawing outfits, gasoline engines, or spraying outfits.

BRACKETT, SHAW & LUNT CO.

Somersworth, N. H. ("RELIANCE LINE") Boston, Mass.

NEW SPRING GOODS

Every Day Something New—New Spring Coats, Waists, Neckwear, by Express

LA VOGUE COATS just received—They have style Come and see them

All prices—\$7.50, \$7.98, \$8.50, \$10.00, \$12.00 up

New Wash Goods Special

10 pieces of latest style and design of 25c Wash Goods on sale, per yard 14c See the other big values in new Wash Goods, per yard 25c and 35c

Ladies' New Suits and Skirts

See the special Suit at \$12.50, \$15.00, \$17.50 Ladies' Wool Skirts, special at \$1.98, \$2.50, \$3.75

New Waists and Corsets

See the new Waists at 50c, 69c, \$1.00 Silk Waists at \$1.25, \$1.98 \$4.00 fancy Silk Waists at \$2.98 Corsets in the sale at 50c, 79c, 98c up

Children's Gingham Dresses

Pretty Gingham Dresses, 2 to 6 years 49c 65c Gingham Dresses, 2 to 6 years 59c 79c Gingham Dresses, 2 to 6 years 65c 75c Gingham Dresses, 6 to 14 years 59c \$1.00 Gingham Dresses, 6 to 14 years 85c \$1.25 Gingham Dresses, 6 to 14 years 98c \$1.50 very pretty Trimmed Dresses \$1.25

No advance in prices in this store. Visit this store and you will find that it will pay you.

The Vaughan Store

hundred and twenty-five of the 600 British vessels lost were sunk by submarines. Great Britain's allies lost 167 ships, Austria lost 80 and Turkey 124.

The total of neutral losses is put at 736, but most of these were released after being reported captured. Ninety-two neutral vessels have been submerged and 94 sunk by mines. Twenty-three have been damaged by submarines and mines.

the Lehigh Valley Railroad company. The improvements are contingent upon arrangements which may be made with the Jersey City authorities regarding taxes, street and other rights. The road plans to reclaim 450 acres of under-water land.

PLAN BIG JERSEY CITY FREIGHT TERMINAL

Project to Cost Between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000 Would Claim 450 Acres.

New York, March 22.—Plans for a new freight terminal steamship pier and loft buildings to cost between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000 to be constructed at Jersey City were announced here yesterday by

BRANDRETH PILLS
 100 Years Old
 An Effective Laxative
 Purely Vegetable
Constipation,
 Indigestion, Biliousness, etc.
 OR at Night
 until relieved
 Chocolate-Coated or Plain



THE BEST is always

Wirthmore SCRATCH FEED

It is made of wheat, cracked corn, Kaffir-corn, sunflower seed, buckwheat, barley, oats and milo maize.

For 12 years it has been the first choice of experienced poultrymen because it is so clean.

For sale by
 R. L. CLARK

The New Push-Either-End Carriage



This HEYWOOD-WAKEFIELD Sleeper with Push-Either-End Gear, is one of the latest models made by the HEYWOOD BROTHERS & WAKEFIELD COMPANY, manufacturers of 90 per cent. of the Baby Carriages made in the United States.

It has an adjustable hood, an exceptionally graceful reed body, soft cushions upholstered in stout corduroy that will not soil easily, light, flexible springs, and rubber-tired wheels that fit solidly on the axles. It rides so easily that it will not jolt or jar baby or tire you.

This Carriage is built for hard service and for the use of mothers who want to raise healthy, outdoor children. We want you to come in and see it and convince yourself that for style, health, and durability this HEYWOOD-WAKEFIELD Sleeper with Push-Either-End Gear can't be beat.

GET YOUR PONY VOTES

A. W. Badger & Co.

UNDERTAKERS—LICENSED EMBALMERS—BEST OF AMBULANCE SERVICE
 TELEPHONE 447-31

PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING

LATEST DESIGNS IN DECORATING

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Diseases of Children

I find worms one of the most common of children's diseases—either pinworms or stomach worms. These parasites make their presence felt through deranged stomach, swollen upper lip, sour stomach, offensive breath, hard and full belly with occasional griping and pains about the navel, pale face of leaden tint, eyes heavy and dull, twitching eyelids, itching of the rectum, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red spots sticking out on tongue, starting during sleep, slow fever.

For over 60 years Dr. Tru's Elixir, the Family Laxative and Worm Expeller, my father's discovery, has been the standard remedy for worms, stomach disorders and constipation, both for children and adults. Mr. W. L. Wythe of Houston, Texas, writes: "I want to say that Dr. Tru's Elixir is certainly a fine medicine." At all dealers', 25c, 50c and \$1.00. A. S. H. Co., Boston, Mass.

Dr. Tru's